

Do crystalline silicon solar cells suffer from light-induced degradation?

Most industrial crystalline silicon solar cells suffer from some type of light-induced degradation (LID). This review compiles all known properties of boron-oxygen LID and copper-related LID, together with the latest LID results in quasi-mono and multicrystalline silicon.

Why do perovskite solar cells degrade quickly under natural day/night cycling?

Perovskite solar cells degrade quickly under natural day/night cycling, compared with continuous illumination, owing to periodic lattice strain during cycling; the lattice strain can be regulated by adding phenylselenenyl chloride.

Does device temperature affect rapid light-induced degradation of perovskite solar cells?

Chen, B. et al. Synergistic effect of elevated device temperature and excess charge carriers on the rapid light-induced degradation of perovskite solar cells. *Adv. Mater.* 31, e1902413 (2019). Zhang, T. et al. Crystallinity preservation and ion migration suppression through dual ion exchange strategy for stable mixed perovskite solar cells. *Adv.*

What causes a deterioration factor in organic solar cells?

For organic solar cells, operando ESR spectroscopy has shown that the charge accumulation and formation (or spin accumulation and formation) in molecules cause the deterioration of the device performance, where the origin of the intrinsic deterioration factor has been clarified 22,23,24.

What is light induced degradation?

1. Introduction Light-induced degradation (LID) refers to a loss in the silicon solar cell efficiency that is observed during excess carrier injection by above-bandgap illumination or forward biasing.

Do perovskite solar cells have intrinsic deterioration mechanisms?

Such research on spin states in perovskite solar cells from a microscopic viewpoint is important to elucidate the intrinsic deterioration mechanism in the devices. Here, we study the intrinsic deterioration mechanism in perovskite solar cells with operando ESR spectroscopy from the microscopic viewpoint at a molecular level.

High-efficiency organic solar cells can also be used as effective organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs). The discussion provides insights into the influencing factors of EQE EL and the mechanisms for adjusting various parameters, which include enhancements in photoluminescence quantum yield and the proportion of radiative excitons. The ...

This chapter focuses on introducing basic concepts in solar cell and light-emitting diode (LED) devices. ... Ground states of most molecules are singlets. Thus, the radiative decay of excitons in molecules is typically spin-dependent. The decay of singlet excitons gives rise to fluorescence, and that is phosphorescence for

triplet excitons. 1.1 ...

The observed decay has multiexponential time dependence with the time constants between 0.7 ns and 20 ns. In the n-i-p type cells investigated in this paper, these time constants correspond to deep trapping hole lifetimes near the n-layer/i-layer interface of the cell. The light-induced changes in the OCVD signal have been observed.

The collection of the JV-curve is the default characterization technique for a solar cell. Conventionally, it is obtained by performing a current-voltage (J-V) sweep under 1-sun (1000 ...

Efficient ternary organic solar cells were achieved by utilizing an ultra-narrow bandgap material, IEICO-4 F, mixed with the fullerene material PC71BM as the acceptor and PTB7-Th polymer as the donor. The different weights of IEICO-4 F were dropped into the active layer to adjust the ratio of acceptor and donor, optimizing the performance of the cells. The ...

To the best of our knowledge, the relationship between the emission-wavelength-dependent PL decay lifetime and the CIGS solar-cell performance was established for the first time [10]. ... It can be seen that emitted light of various wavelengths can be absorbed in the different part of the CIGS solar cells. Light for which ...

The photoconversion efficiencies of organic-inorganic halide perovskite (OIHP) solar cells have improved dramatically due to their unique combination of optoelectronic properties such as high absorption ...

HJT solar cells related to extensive light soaking-low thermal annealing cycles was demonstrated for the first time. 1 Introduction Silicon heterojunction (HJT) solar cells have proved by the photo-conductance decay method in transient mode using a Sinton lifetime tester (WCT-120). The finished HJT cells were characterized by

Perovskite solar cells degrade quickly under natural day/night cycling, compared with continuous illumination, owing to periodic lattice strain during cycling; the lattice ...

Open-circuit photovoltage decay from the steady state for the determination of bimolecular recombination constants has been studied in organic solar cells (OSCs) with three prototypical bulk ...

The correlation of different methods of measurement can become an important tool to identify the dominant physical elements that govern the electronic and ...

Light-induced degradation of Si solar cells when deployed in warmer climates can cause up to a ~10% relative degradation in efficiency, but the atomic structure of the defect ...

3 ???; Minimizing optical and electronic losses is essential for achieving high-efficiency solar cells. Inverted (p-i-n) perovskite solar cells (PSCs) have made great strides toward ...

A new light-management design could allow single-junction GaAs solar cells to reach power-conversion efficiencies as high as 38%. This is the finding of Emily Kosten and co-workers from the ...

Quasi-2D perovskites have been pivotal in recent efforts to stabilize perovskite solar cells. Despite the stability boost provided when these materials are introduced in ...

In the PSC community, only the decay of the photovoltage or photocurrent is typically analysed by fitting an exponential to obtain the characteristic decay time constant. 1,2,4,28 However, in the case of dye ...

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